THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel claims 1-7, and 22-36, and amend claims 8, 12, 16 and 20, as follows:

1-7. (Cancelled)

- 8. (Currently amended) The process according to Claim 712, wherein the acid chloride of rhein and the hyaluronic acid are in an amount such that a percentage ratio between the mmol of acid chloride of rhein and the meq. of the esterifiable alcohol units of hyaluronic acid is at least 5 %.
- 9. (Original) The process according to Claim 8, wherein said percentage ratio ranges from 5 %to 50 %.
- 10. (Original) The process according to Claim 9, wherein said percentage ratio ranges from 5 to 20 %.
- 11. (Original) The process according to Claim 10, wherein said percentage ratio is 10 %.

- 12. (Currently amended) The A process for preparing a compound based on hyaluronic acid, wherein alcohol groups of hyaluronic acid are esterified with rhein, as such or in derived form, or a salt thereofaccording to anyone of Claims 7 to 11, which comprises the following steps:
 - a) preparing a suspension of hyaluronic acid in an aprotic non-polar solvent;
- b) adding acid chloride of rhein, as such or in a derived form, dissolved in an aprotic nonpolar solvent
- c) leaving the mixture to stir at reflux for a time that is sufficient for the esterification reaction to take place; and
 - d) evaporating off the solvent.

and a hydrogen ion acceptor;

- 13. (Original) The process according to Claim 12, wherein said aprotic non-polar solvent of step a) is cyclohexane.
- 14. (Previously presented) The process according to Claim 12, wherein in step b), said hydrogen ion acceptor is NEt₃.

- 15. (Previously presented) The process according to Claim 12, wherein in step c), the reaction is left at reflux for at least 20 hours.
- 16. (Currently amended) The process according to Claim 712, in which the acid chloride of rhein is obtained by means of a process comprising the following steps:
 - a') preparing a suspension of rhein in an aprotic non-polar solvent;
- b') adding an amount of S0CI₂ so as to obtain a molar ratio between S0CI₂ and rhein of greater than 10;
- c') leaving the reaction to stir at reflux in an inert atmosphere for a time that is sufficient for the rhein acid chloride to form; and
 - d') removing the solvent and the excess of unreacted S0CI₂ by distillation.
- 17. (Original) The process according to Claim 16, wherein said aprotic non-polar solvent of step a') is a chloride solvent.
- 18. (Original) The process according to Claim 17, wherein said chloride solvent is CH₂CI₂.
- 19. (Previously presented) The process according to Claim 16, wherein in step c'), the reaction is left at reflux for at least 3 hours.

- 20. (Currently amended) The process according to Claim 7<u>12</u>, which further comprises a final step of purification.
- 21. (Original) The process according to Claim 20, wherein said purification step is carried out using a dialysis membrane.

22-36. (Cancelled)

Respectfully submitted,

Clifford W. Browning

Reg. No. 32,201

Krieg DeVault LLP

One Indiana Square, Suite 2800

Indianapolis, IN 46204

(317) 238-6203